Annual Financial Statements

for

KwaZulu Natal

Ulundi Local Municipality

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Province:

AFS roundin	R (i.e. only cents)	
-	Contact Information:	
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Compiled by:

Reviewed by:

Approved by:



ULUNDI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

General information

Legal form of entity

Local Municipality

Municipal demarcation code

KZN266

Nature of business and principal activities:

The main business operations of the Municipality is to engage in local governance activities, which includes planning and promotion of integrated development planning, land, economic and environmental development and supplying of the following services to the community rates and general service - All types of services rendered by the Municipality, excluding the following: Housing Services - Supply housing to the community and includes the rental of units owned by the Municipality to public and staff; Waste Management Services - The collection, disposal and purifying of waste, and sewerage; - Electricity is bought in bulk from Eskom and distributed to consumers by the Municipality.

Members of the Council

Councillor W M Ntshangase (M)

Councillor T.G Madela (F)

Councillor N.J Manana (F) - EXCO Ex Officio Member

Councillor H.J Mlambo (M)
Councillor R V Sibiya (M)
Councillor H.S Sibiya (F)
Councillor S M Buthelezi (M)
Councillor R B Nyawo (M)
Councillor B S Masondo (M)

Councillor Prince T M Buthelezi (M)

His Worship the Mayor Honourable Deputy Mayor Honourable Speaker

Member of the Executive Committee Member of the Executive Committee

Ordinary Council Members

Councillor PM Mthethwa (M)
Councillor ND Masondo (M)
Councillor SN Buthelezi(M)
Councillor ZB Mncube (M)
Councillor J E Xulu (M)
Councillor Am Sibiya (M)
Councillor BL Khumalo (M)

Councillor MS Mhlongo (M)
Councillor T K Mkhize (M)
Councillor L Yaka (M)
Councillor MS Buthelezi (M)
Councillor MS Ximba (F)
Councillor TD Sikhakhane (M)
Councillor MR Dubazane (M)
Councillor JT Gasa (M)

Councillor CK Zungu (M)
Councillor MT Mthembu (M)
Councillor WV Mbatha (M)

Councillor M E Buthelezi (M)
Councillor KP Ngema (M)
Councillor M Mdlalose (M)
Councillor SD Sibiya (M)
Councillor SZ Mkhize (M)
Councillor TP Khanyile (M)
Councillor V Ngcobo (M)
Councillor JV Buthelezi (M)
Councillor D Khoza (M)
Councillor XT Mbatha (M)
Councillor SP Nakin (F)

Councillor XT Mbatha (M)
Councillor SP Nakin (F)
Councillor NG Dlamini (F)
Councillor S Ntshingila (F)
Councillor IP Ngobese (F)
Councillor S F Cindi (F)
Councillor Z Siyaya (F)
Councillor SS Buthelezi (F)
Councillor MZ Sikhakhane (F)
Councillor PB Mbatha (F)

Municipal Manager

Chief Financial Officer

Mr N G Zulu

Grading of Local Authority

Mr J H Mhlongo

Grade

Grade 3

Auditors

Low Capacity

Attorneys

Auditor - General South Africa

Bankers

Cox & Partners and Bothas Incorporated

First National Bank



ULUNDI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

General information (continued)	
Registered Office:	Cnr Princess Magogo & King Zwelithini Streets, Ulundi
Physical address:	Cnr Princess Magogo & King Zwelithini Streets Ulundi - 3838
Postal address:	Private Bag X17 Ulundi 3838
Total Control of the	107.05.074.540007.05.074.5000
Telephone number:	+27 35 874 5100 +27 35 874 5800 +27 35 870 3506
Fax number:	†Z/ 33 0/U 33U0

E-mail address:

nzulu@ulundi.gov.za



Ulundi Local Municipality ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Accounting Officer's Responsibilities and Approval

The Accounting Officer is required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003), to maintain adequate accounting records and is responsible for the content and integrity of the Annual Financial Statements and related financial information included in this report. It is the responsibility of the Accounting Officer to ensure that the Annual Financial Statements fairly present the state of affairs of the Municipality as at 30 JUNE 2017 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the annual financial statements and were given unrestricted access to all financial records and related data.

The Annual Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) including any interpretations, guidelines and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

The Annual Financial Statements are based upon appropriate accounting policies constistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The Accounting Officer acknowledges that he is ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the Municipality and places considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the Accounting Officer to meet these responsibilities, the Accounting Officer sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or deficit in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the Municipality and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the Municipality's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the Municipality is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk accross the Municipality. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the Municipality endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The Accounting Officer is of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by Management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the Annual Financial Statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or deficit.

The Accounting Officer has reviewed the Municipality's cash flow forecast for the period to 30 June 2017 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, he is satisfied that the Municipality has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

I certify that the salaries, allowances and benefits of Councillors, and payments made to Councillors for loss of office, if any, as disclosed in note 23 to note 24 of these annual financial statements are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.

The Annual Financial Statements set out on pages 5 to 39, which have been prepared on the assumption that the municipality will continue to operate as a going concern for the next 12 months, were approved and signed by the Accounting Officer on 31 August 2017.

Accounting Officer: Mr N G Zulu

DATE:31 August 2017

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Ulundi Local Municipality ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

Index	Page	
General information	1-2	
Approval	3	
Index	4	
Statement of Financial Position	5	
Statement of Financial Performance	-6	
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	7	
Cash Flow Statement	8	
Statement of Comparison of actual and budget	9-10	
Appropriation Statement	11	
Accounting Policies	12-19	
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements	20-33	

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Ulundi Local Municipality ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

		Note	2017	2016
			R	R
	ASSETS			Restated
	Current assets	_	68 635 159	42 279 862
	Cash and cash equivalents	2	1 947 421	2 377 666
H	Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions	3	33 447 745	7 961 237
	Other receivables from non-exchange transactions	4	22 275 569	22 886 116
H	Inventories	5	3 504 472	2 838 480
ì	VAT receivable	6 _	7 459 952	6 216 363
ī				
	Non-current assets		408 284 530	416 076 891
1	Property, plant and equipment	7	397 698 795	406 047 957
	Heritage Assets	7.1	10 501	10 501
	Investment property	8	9 915 000	9 915 000
	Intangible assets	9	660 234	103 433
		-		
		-	100 010 000	450 000 000
	Total assets	-	476 919 690	458 356 753
	LIABILITIES			
	Current liabilities		139 378 111	120 502 557
ı	Trade and other payables from exchange transactions	10	121 026 187	102 777 532
	Consumer deposits	10	2 497 188	2 249 128
- 1	Current provisions	11	9 356 846	8 572 366
1	Current portion of unspent conditional grants and receipts	12	1 141 418	1 121 205
- 1	Current portion of long service awards	13	725 794	840 394
1	Current portion of finance lease liability	15	4 630 678	4 941 932
1	Current portion of finance lease hability	13 L	4 030 070	4 541 532
1	Non-current liabilities		4 497 179	9 127 857
1	Non-current portion of long service awards	13	4 497 179	4 497 179
	Long term portion of finance-lease liability	15		4 630 678
	and term pertient or unation to about mability		L	7,000,010
1	Total liabilities		143 875 290	129 630 414
-				
-	NET ASSETS		333 044 400	323 056 168
-	Reserves	16,2	10 690	10 690
-	Accumulated surplus	16,1	333 033 710	323 045 478
1				
1		-	200.044.405	
1	Total net assets		333 044 400	323 056 168
1				T.
-1				

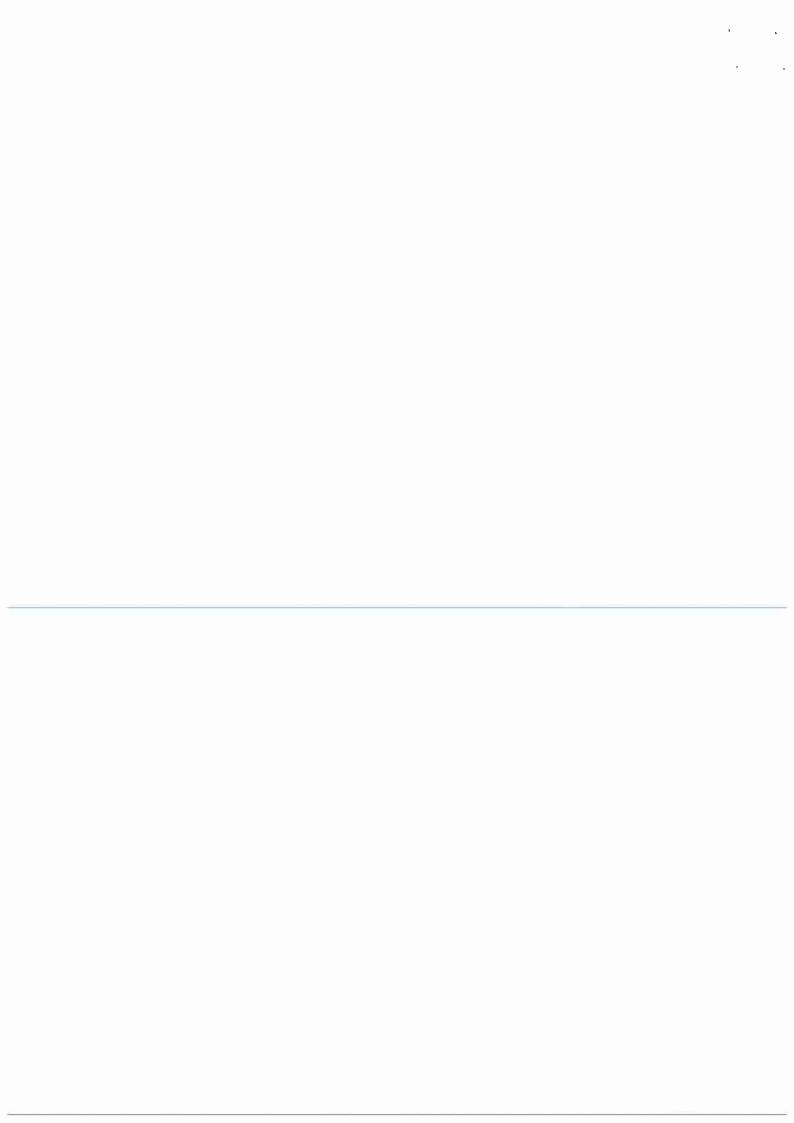


Ulundi Local Municipality					
ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017					
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANC	E FOR THE	YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE	2017		
	Note	2017	2016		
1		R	R		
			Restated		
Revenue					
Revenue from exchange transactions:					
Service charges	18	92 534 853	65 648 003		
Rental of facilities and equipment	19	1 043 918	971 013		
Interest earned - external	20	776 601	3 956 490		
Licences-and permits		_3 068 005-	2 771 043		
Other income	22	2 826 498	29 962 131		
Revenue from non exchange transactions:	L				
Property rates	17	54 295 934	49 076 268		
Property rates - penalties imposed and collection charges	17	11 416 944	9 004 277		
Fines	36	7 240 151	15 387 163		
Government grants and subsidies	21	182 647 885	182 102 476		
Provision for bad debts adjustment	3 [48 792 540			
Total revenue	-	404 643 330	358 878 864		
Expenses					
Employee related costs	23	114 230 839	102 912 764		
Remuneration of councillors	24	14 211 321	14 057 365		
Provision for Impairment of Trade Debtors	3	- []	15 736 105		
Depreciation	25	41 692 910	40 305 766		
Amortisation	8	119 835	25 859		
Bad Debts Written off		32 584 571	-		
Repairs and maintenance	14	7 132 564	9 595 462		
Finance costs	26	4 640 345	6 194 401		
Bulk purchases	27	66 659 488	62 251 722		
Contracted services	28	63 534 104	58 198 372		
General expenses	29	49 739 606	46 101 196		
Total expenses	-	394 545 581	355 379 012		
Gain / (loss) on sale of assets	30	(109 517)	-		
Profit / (loss) on fair value adjustment	8				
Surplus / (deficit) for the period	_	9 988 232	3 499 852		
Gain / (loss) on sale of assets Profit / (loss) on fair value adjustment		(109 517)			



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017	on Other re	R R R R 381673 790 10 690 R 381673 790 (53 342 000) (5 589 948) (5 589 948) (3 581 30) (3 581 50)	10 690 - 319 545 627 3 499 851	10 690 323 045 478 9 988 232	333 033 710
U)		Balance at 30 June 2016-as previously reported Prior year adjustment Investment Property Rates penalties Creditors	Balance at 30 June 2016-now restated	Restated balance at 30 June 2016 Surplus / (deficit) for the year - 2016/2017	Balance at 30 June 2017

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Ulundi Local M ANNUAL FINANCIAL CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THI	STATEM	ENTS	
	Note	2017 R	2016 R
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash Receipts from Customers and Government Cash paid to suppliers and employees		377 108 240 -334 834 346	330 378 465 (278 899 844)
	31	42 273 894	51 478 621
Interest received		7.59 637	1 161 430
Interest paid		(4 640 345)	(6 194 401)
Net cash flows from operating activities		38 393 186	46 445 650
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of fixed assets (PPE) Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		(34 129 902) -	(44 936 195) -
Net cash flows from investing activities	25 G	(34 129 902)	(44 936 195)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		0.40.000	0.047
Increase/(decrease) in consumer deposits Increase(decrease) in Finance lease liability		248 060 (4 941 932)	9 847 (3 387 877)
Net cash flows from financing activities	1	(4 693 872)	(3 378 030)
Net increase / (decrease) in net cash and cash equivalents		(430 244)	(1 868 575)
Net cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Net cash and cash equivalents at end of period	32	2 377 665	4.246.240 2.377.665



STATEMENT DE CON	NOSIANAMA NOSIANAMA	ULUNDI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY	UNICIPALITY	DIT 186 1 508 TH	ULUNDI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT DE COMBABISON DE ACTILIA VERSI IE BINGET (BENGRINIS ANN EVORBINITY IER I END THE VERB GANGGO AND MAINE PART		
O LO INDIANTICIO	יייי ארוסאי	rendos popularios (n.	EVENUE AND EAPEN	ore) ore	יבטא פועטבט אט זטואפ אשפין פר		Explanation of significant variances greater than 10
	Approved Budget R	Adjustments F R	Final Budget A R	Actual R	Actual vs Final budget Variance R	Actual vs Final budget Varlance %	% versus budget
nevariue Property rates	55 412 000	9 300 000	64 712 000	54 295 934	10 416 066	16,10	This is due to the implementation of the ammendment MPRA.
Property rates - penalties imposed and collection charges	1 593 000	000 000 9	7 593 000	11 416 944	(3 823 944)	-50,36	Increase of debtors which has resulted to increase of penalties
Service charges	126 025 000	-5 785 000	120 240 000	92 534 853	27 705 147	23,04	Eskom payment which was received after adjustment budget
Rental of facilities and equipment	1 511 000	11 000	1 522 000	1 043 918			7
Interest eamed - external investments	1 000 000	-216 000	784 000	776 601	7 399	0,94	Interest earned from investment accounts
Fines	4 000 000		4 000 000	7 240 151	(5)	1-81,00	Law enforcment of recovering of fines
Licences and permits	3 100 000		3 100 000	2 767 422	332 578	1 10,73	
Government grants and subsidies	129 164 000		129 164 000	182 647 885	(53 483 885)	1-41,41	
Other income	5 947 000	13 000	5 960 000	2 826 498	3 133 502	85'28	This is as a result of the money recovered on the wheeling charges
Proceeds on sale on assets	1 000 000		1 000 000		1 000 000		
Provision for bad debts adjustment				48 792 540	(48 792 540)		
Total Revenue	328 752 000	9 323 000	338 075 000	404 342 746	(66 267 746)		
EXDENSES							
Employee related costs	107 062 000	17 463 000	124 525 000	114 061 654	10 463 346	8,40	
Remuneration of councillors	14 953 000		14 953 000	14 211 321	741 679		
Bad debts	2 145 000		2 145 000	•			
Depreciation and amortisation expense	71 329 000	-20 000 000	51 329 000	41 804 126	9 524 874	18,56	
Bad Debts Written Off	•			32 584 571	(32 584 571)	100,000	The debtorts that were declared irrecoverable
Repairs and maintenance	11 123 597		11 123 597	7 124 122	3 999 475	56,28	
Finance costs	4 800 000		4 800 000	4 640 345		3,33	
Bulk purchases	67 000 000		67 000 000	66 659 488			
Contracted services	44 574 000	19 345 000	63 919 000	63 534 104	384 896	09'0	
General expenses	49 067 000	2 379 000	51 446 000	49 739 606	1 706 395	3,32	
Total Expenses	372 053 597	19 187 000	391 240 597	394 359 336	(3 118 739)	08'0- 1	
Gain / (loss) on sale of assets				-109 517	109 517		
Change in Accounting Estimate							
Profit / (loss) on fair value adjustment							-
Surplus / (deficit) for the period	-43 301 597	-9 864 000	-53 165 597	9 988 232	(63 149 008)	,632,23	

Note: This statement of comparason of budget and actual amounts is on the same accounting basis with the rest of the financial statements which is on the accrual basis as well the budget on a the same basis



	Additions	Under Construction	Total Additions	Budgeted Additions	Variance
	R	R	R	R	
nfrastructure					
Roads	3 022 826	13 082 725	16 105 551	16 765 000	-659 449
Buildings	4 587 088	691 401	5 278 489	2 293 014	2 985 475
Ü	7 609 914	13 774 126	21 384 040	19 058 014	2 326 026
Community Assets					
Recreational facilitites		13 414 007	13 414 007	15 433 497	-2 019 490
		13 414 007	13 414 007	15 433 497	-2 019 490
Other Assets					
urniture and fittings	560 771		560 771	571 000	-10 229
Computer Equipment	667 677	-	667 677	698 000	-30 323
Machinery and equipment	1 588 819	-	1 588 819	1 590 000	-1 181
/ehicles					-
	2 817 267		2 817 267	2 859 000	-41 733
otal	10 427 181	27 188 133	37 615 314	37 350 511	264 803



ULUNDI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

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APPROPRIATION STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 20 7



Ulundi Local Municipality ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

1,1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention unless specified

These annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP), issued by the Accounting Standards Board in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these annual financial statements are set out below.

GRAP 1	Presentation of Financial Statements			
GRAP 2	Cash Flow Statements			
GRAP 3				
GRAP 9	Revenue From Exchange Transactions			
GRAP 11	Construction Contracts			
GRAP 12	Inventories			
GRAP 13	Leases			
GRAP 14	Events After Reporting Date			
GRAP 16	Investment Property			
GRAP 17	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
GRAP 19				
GRAP 21				
GRAP 23	Revenue From Non Exchange Transactions (Taxes and Trasfers)			
GRAP 24				
GRAP 25	· · · ·			
GRAP 26	Impairment of Non Generating Assets			
GRAP 102	Intangible Assets			
GRAP 104	Financial Instruments			
I GRAP 1	Revenue Recognition (Traffic fines)			

Assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses have not been offset except when offsetting is required or permitted by a Standard of GRAP.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those used to present the previous year's financial statements, unless explicitly stated. The details of any changes in accounting policies are explained in the relevant policy.

1,2 PRESENTATION CURRENTY

These annual financial statements are presented in South African Rand, which is the functional currency of the municipality and added and recorded to the nearest

1,3 GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These annual financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the municipality will continue to operate as a going concern for at least the next 12 months.

1,4 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

Budget information in accordance with GRAP 1 and 24, has been provided in a statement of comparison of actual and budget to these financial statements and forms part of the audited annual financial statements.

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed. Where accounting errors have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there have been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

1,5 STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following GRAP standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the municipality:

GRAP 18 Segment Reporting

2 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

2,1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (Including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year. Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised as assets on acquisition date and are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

When significant components of an item of property, plan and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment

Where an asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up

Major spare parts and servicing equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when the municipality expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the major spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, they are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

2,2 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT - REVALUATION MODEL (LAND AND BUILDINGS)

Subsequent to initial recognition, land and buildings are carried at a revalued amount, being its fair value at the date of revalutation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revalutation is credited directly to a revaluation surplus reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in surplus or deficit.

A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in surplus or deficit, except to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset.

Derecognition

The carrying amount of items of property, plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financian Performance.

2,3 DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated average asset lives:

Infrastructure		Other	
Roads and Paving	10-20	Buildings	30
Pedestrian Malls	30	Air Conditioners	7
Electricity	25	Vehicles and tractors	7
Sewerage	20	Office equipment	5
		Furniture and fittings	10
		computer software	3
Community		Machinery and Equipment	7
Buildings	30	Tools	5
Recreational facilities	10	Radio	5
		Computer equipment	3

The residual value, the useful life of an asset and the depreciation method is reviewed annually and any changes are recognised as a change in accounting estimate in the Statement of Financial Performance.

2,4 The municipality tests for impairment where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting date. Where the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount), it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

Items of Property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

3 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

3,1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance. Examples include computer software, licences, and development costs. The municipality recognises an intangible asset in its Statement of Financial Position only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the municipality and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Internally generated intangible assets are subject to strict recognition criteria before they are capitlised. Research expenditure is never capitalised, while development expenditure is only capitalised to the extent that:

- · the municipality intends to complete the intangible asset for use or sale;
- · it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset;
- the municipality has the resources to complete the project; and
 it is probable that the municipality will receive future economic benefits or service potential.

Intanoible assets are initially recognised at cost

Where an intangible asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an intangible asset is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

3,2 SUBEQUENT MEASUREMENT - COST MODEL

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amoritisation and impairments. The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the useful life where that useful life is finite. Where the useful life is indefinite, the asset is not amortised but is subject to an annual impairment test.

3.3 AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT

Amortisation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of intangible assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The annual amortisation rates are based on the following estimated average asset lives:

Computer software

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at each reporting date and any changes are recognised as a change in acounting estimate in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The municipality lests intangible assets with finite useful lives for impairment where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting date. Where the carrying amount of an item of an intangible asset is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount), it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

3,4 DERECOGNITION

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

4 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

4,1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

Investment property includes property (land or a building, or part of a building, or both land or buildings held under a finance lease) held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, rather than held to meet service delivery objectives, the production or supply of goods or services, or the sale of an asset in the ordinary course of operations. The values were determined by the Municipal Valuers, and Civil Engineers appointed for the purpose, and the valuation process was completed during the financial year ending 30 June 2013

At initial recognition, the municipality measures investment property at cost including transaction costs once it meets the definition of investment property. However, where an investment property was acquired through a non-exchange transaction (i.e. where it acquired the investment property for no or a nominal value), its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

4,2 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT - FAIR VALUE MODEL

Investment property is measured using the fair value model. Under the fair value model, investment property is carried at its fair value at the reporting date. Any gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value of the property is included in surplus or deficit for the period in which it arises.

5 INVENTORIES

5.1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

Inventories comprise current assets held for sale, consumption or distribution during the ordinary course of business. Inventories are initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus taxes, transport costs and any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition. Where inventory is manufactured, constructed or produced, the cost includes the cost of labour, materials and overheads used during the manufacturing process.

Where inventory is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of the item on the date acquired.

5,2 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT

Inventories, consisting of consumable stores, raw materials, work-in-progress and finished goods, are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value unless they are to be distributed at no or nominal charge, in which case they are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Redundant and slow-moving inventories are identified and written down in this way. Differences arising on the valuation of inventory are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year in which they arose. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The carrying amount of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period that the inventory was sold, distributed, written off or consumed, unless that cost qualifies for capitalisation to the cost of another asset.

6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The municipality has various types of financial instruments and these can be broadly catergorised as lether financial assets, financial liabilities or residual interests in accordance with the sudstance of the contractual agreement. The municipality only recognises a financial instrument when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

6,1 INITIAL RECOGNITION

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the entity's Statement of Financial Position when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The entity does not offset a financial asset or financial liability unless a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts currently exist, and the entity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. "Fair value menthods and assumption. The fair values of financial instruments are determined as follows: The fair value of qouted investments are based oncurrent bid prices.] If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unutilised securities), the company establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These iclude the use of the recent arm's length transactions, refference to other instruments that are substanially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and option pricing models making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs."

6,2 The effective interest rate

The effective interest rate method of calculating the amortised cost of a finacial asset or finacial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the releavant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the finacial instrument or , when appropriate , a shorter period to the net carrying amount off the financial asset or financial liability.

6.3 Amortised cost

Amortised cost is the amount at which the finacialsaset or finacial fiability is measured at initial recognition minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction for impairement or uncollectibility

6.4 SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT

Financial Assets are categorised according to their nature as either financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to maturity, loans and receivables, or available for sale. Financial liabilities are categorised as either at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities carried at amortised cost ("other"). The subsequent measurement of financial assets and liabilities depends on this categorisation and, in the absence of an approved GRAP Standard on Financial Instruments, is in accordance with IAS 39.

6.4.1 INVESTMENTS

Investments, which include listed government bonds, unlisted municipal bonds, fixed deposits and short-term deposits invested in registered commercial banks, are categorised as either held-to-maturity where the criteria for that categorisation are met, or as loans and receivables, and are measured at amortised cost. Where investments have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the period that the impairment is identified. Impairments are calculated as being the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the expected future cash flows flowing from the instrument. On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance.

6.4.2 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables are categorised as financial assets: loans and receivables and are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost, Amortised cost refers to the initial carrying amount, plus interest, less repayments and impairments. An estimate is made for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at year-end. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. Impairments are determined by discounting expected future cash flows to their present value. Amounts that are receivable within 12 months from the reporting date are classified as current.

classified as current.

An impairment of trade receivables is accounted for by reducing the carrying amount of trade receivables through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance within operating expenses. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against operating expenses in the Statement of Financial Performance.

6.4.3 TRADE PAYABLES AND BORROWINGS

Financial liabilities consist of trade payables and borrowings. They are categorised as financial liabilities held at amortised cost, are initially recognised at law value and subsequently measured at amortised cost which is the initial carrying amount, less repayments, plus interest.

6.4.4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash includes cash on hand (including petty cash) and cash with banks (including call deposits). Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible into known amounts of cash, that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held on call with banks, net of bank overdrafts. The municipality categorises cash and cash equivalents as financial assets: loans and receivables.

Bank overdrafts are recorded based on the facility utilised. Finance charges on bank overdraft are expensed as incurred. Amounts owing in respect of bank overdrafts are categorised as financial liabilities: other financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

6.4.5 INITIAL RECOGNITION

Cash includes cash on hand (including petty cash) and cash with banks (including call deposits). Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible into known amounts of cash, that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held on call with banks, net of bank overdrafts. The municipality categorises cash and cash equivalents as financial assets: loans and receivables.

7 UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state and expenditure in the form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003). Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

8 IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

Thregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No.32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act (Act No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's supply chain management policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

9 FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

10 PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the municipality has a present or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the provision can be made. Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect is material, non-current provisions are discountiated to their present value using a pre-tax discountiate that reflects the market's current assessment of the time value of money, adjusted for risks specific to the liability (for example in the case of obligations for the rehabilitation of land).

The municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a provision.

A provision for restructuring costs is recognised only when the following criteria over and above the recognition criteria of a provision have been met: the principal locations affected; the location, function, and approximate number of employees who will be compensated for terminating their services; - the expenditures that will be undertaken; and when the plan will be implemented; and

municipality has a detailed formal plan for the restructuring identifying at least: - the business or part of a business concerned; - the principal locations affected; the location, function, and approximate number of employees who will be compensated for terminating their services; - the expenditures that will be undertaken; and - when the plan will be implemented; and

(b) The municipality has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement that plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it.

11 LEASES

Lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. Lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

11,1 Finance leases - lessee

Leases are classified as finance leases where substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of an asset are transferred to the municipality. Property, plant and equipment or intangible assets subject to finance lease agreements are initially recognised at the lower of the asset's fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liabilities are initially recognised at the inception of the lease and are measured as the sum of the minimum lease payments due in terms of the lease agreement, discounted for the effect of interest. In discounting the lease payments, the municipality uses the interest rate that exactly discounts the lease payments and unguaranteed residual value to the fair value of the asset plus any direct costs incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the leased assets are accounted for in accordance with the stated accounting policies applicable to property, plant, equipment or intangibles. The lease liability is reduced by the lease payments, which are allocated between the lease finance cost and the capital repayment using the effective interest rate method. Lease finance costs are expensed when incurred. The accounting policies relating to derecognition of financial instruments are applied to lease payables. The lease asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful file or the lease term.

11,2 Finance leases - lessor

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the net investment in the leases. The receivable is calculated as the sum of all the minimum lease payments to be received, plus any unguaranteed residual accruing to the municipality, discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. The receivable is reduced by the capital portion of the lease instalments received, with the interest portion being recognised as interest revenue on a time proportionate basis. The accounting policies relating to derecognition and impairment of financial instruments are applied to lease receivables.

11,3 Operating leases - lesses

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The difference between the amounts recognised as an expense and the contractual payments are recognised as an operating lease asset/liability. Any contingent rents are expensed in the period they are incurred.

11.4 Operating leases - lessor

Operating lease income is recognised as revenue on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

Income for leases is disclosed under revenue in statement of financial performance.

12 REVENUE

12,1 REVENUE FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the municipality directly in return for services rendered / goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

Service charges relating to electricity and water are based on consumption. Meters are read on a quarterly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Provisional estimates of consumption are made monthly when meter readings have not been performed. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period.

Revenue from the sale of electricity prepaid meter cards is recognised at the point of sale.

Service-charges-relating-to-refuse-removal-are-recognised-on-a-monthly-basis-in arrears-by-applying-the-approved tariff to-each property-that-has-improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage, and are levied monthly based on the recorded number of refuse containers per property.

Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis.

Revenue from the rental of facilities and equipment is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease agreement.

Dividends are recognised on the date that the Municipality becomes entitled to receive the dividend.

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant gazetted tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when substantially all the risks and rewards in those goods is passed to the consumer.

Revenue arising out of situations where the municipality acts as an agent on behalf of another entity (the principal) is limited to the amount of any fee or commission payable to the municipality as compensation for executing the agreed services.

12,2 REVENUE FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Revenue from non-exchange transactions refers to transactions where the municipality received revenue from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange. Revenue from non-exchange transactions is generally recognised to the extent that the the related receipt or receivable qualifies for recognition as an asset and there is no liability to repay the amount.

Revenue from property rates is recognised when the legal entitlement to this revenue arises. Collection charges are recognised when such amounts are legally enforceable. Penalty interest on unpaid rates is recognised on a time proportionate basis.

Fines constitute both spot fines and summonses. Revenue from spot fines and summonses is recognised when payment is received, together with an estimate of spot fines and summonses that will be received based on past experience of amounts collected.

Revenue from public contributions and donations is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and first becomes available for use by the municipality. Where public contributions have been received but the municipality has not met the related conditions, a deferred income (liability) is recognised.

Contributed property, plant and equipment is recognised when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and become available for use by the municipality.

Revenue from the recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003) and is recognised when the recovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials is virtually certain.

12,3 GRANTS, TRANSFERS AND DONATIONS

Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised when the resources that have been transferred meet the criteria for recognition as an asset. A corresponding liability is raised to the extent that the grant, transfer or donation is conditional. The liability is transferred to revenue as and when the conditions attached to the grant are met. Grants without any conditions attached are recognised as revenue when the asset is recognised.

13 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised to the cost of that asset unless it is inappropriate to do so. The municipality ceases the capitalisation of borrowing costs when substantially all the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are complete. It is considered inappropriate to capitalise borrowing costs where the link between the funds borrowed and the capital asset acquired cannot be adequately established. Borrowing costs incurred other than on qualifying assets are recognised as an expense in surplus or deficit when incurred.

14 CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AND RECEIVABLES

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, contract revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the reporting date, as measured by [the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total contract costs OR surveys of work done OR completion of a physical proportion of the contract work).

Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that they have been agreed with the customer.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent that contract costs incurred are recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

15 IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

5,1 Cash generating assets

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of the asset.

If there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable service amount is estimated for the individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable service amount of the individual asset, the recoverable service amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is determined.

The recoverable service amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

Value in use of a cash-generating asset is the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. When estimating the value in use of an asset, the municipality estimates the future cash inflows and outflows to be derived from continuing use of the asset and from its ultimate disposal and the municipality applies the appropriate discount rate to those future cash flows.

Discount rate:

The discount rate is a rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money, represented by the current risk-free rate of interest and the risks specific to the asset for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted.

Recognition and measurement:

If the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. That reduction is an impairment loss. An impairment loss of assets carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit. An impairment loss is recognised for cash-generating units if the recoverable amount of the unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit. The impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets of the unit as follows: to the assets of the unit, pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. A municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for assets may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amounts of those assets are estimated.

15,2 Non-cash generating assets

Identification:

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of the asset. If there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable service amount is estimated for the individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable service amount of the individual asset, the recoverable service amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is determined. The recoverable service amount of an asset or a non-cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell

Value in use of an asset is the present value of the asset's remaining service potential. The present value of the remaining service potential of an asset is determined using the following approach: Depreciated replacement cost approach: Value in use of an asset is the present value of the asset's remaining service potential. The present value of the remaining service potential of an asset is determined using the following approach:

Depreciation replacement cost approach:

The present value of the remaining service potential of a non-cash-generating asset is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of the asset. The replacement cost of an asset is the cost to replace the asset's gross service potential. This cost is depreciated to reflect the asset in its used condition. An asset may be replaced either through reproduction (replication) of the existing asset or through replacement of its gross service potential. The depreciated replacement cost is measured as the reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower, less accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost, to reflect the already consumed or expired service potential of the asset.

The replacement cost and reproduction cost of an asset is determined on an "optimised" basis. The rationale is that the municipality would not replace or reproduce the asset with a like asset if the asset to be replaced or reproduced is an overdesigned or overcapacity asset. Overdesigned assets contain features which are unnecessary for the goods or services the asset provides. Overcapacity assets are assets that have a greater capacity than is necessary to meet the demand for goods or services the asset provides. The determination of the replacement cost or reproduction cost of an asset on an optimised basis thus reflects the service potential required of the asset.

Recognition and measurement:

If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss. An impairment loss of assets carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in

An impairment loss is recognised for non-cash-generating units if the recoverable service amount of the unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit. The impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets of the unit as follows: to the assets of the unit, pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for assets may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable service amounts of those assets are estimated. The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods.

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of the asset.

Irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, the municipality also:

- tests intangible assets with an indefinite useful life or intangible assets not yet available for use for impairment annually by comparing its carrying amount with its recoverable amount. This impairment test is performed during the annual period and at the same time every period.

If there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable service amount is estimated for the individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable service amount of the individual asset, the recoverable service amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is determined

The recoverable service amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss.

An impairment loss of assets carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease

An impairment loss is recognised for cash-generating units if the recoverable service amount of the unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit. The impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets of the unit as follows: '- to the assets of the unit, pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit.

A municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for assets may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable service amounts of those assets are estimated.

The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods

A reversal of an impairment loss of assets carried at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit. Any reversal of an impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation increase.

16 Employee benefits

16.1 Long service awards

The present value of the long service award depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. The Projected Unit Credit funding method has been used to determine the value of this liability.

16,2 Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as paid vacation leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered are not discounted. The expected cost of compensated absences is recognised as an expense as the employees render services that increase their entitlement or, in the case of non-accumulating absences, when the

The expected costs of surplus sharing and bonus payments is recognised as an expense when there is a legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as result of past performance

16.3 Defined contribution plans

Council employees contribute to the Natal Joint Municipal Pension Fund. The retirement benefit fund is subject to the Pension Fund Act, 1956, with pension being calculated on the pensionable remuneration paid. A defined contribution plan is a plan under which the municipality pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The municipality has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to service in the current or prior periods. The municipality's contributions to the defined contribution funds are established in terms of the rules governing those plans. Contributions are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period in which the service is rendered by the relevant employees. The municipality has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

. 17 Budget

The municipality's budget has been prepared on accrual basis method.

18 Commitments

Commitments are not recognised.Committments are disclosed in the notes to the annual financial statements. A committment is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

19 Value Added Tax

The municipality accounts for Value Added Tax on the cash basis.

20 Related parties

The municipality operates in an economic sector currently dominated by entities directly or indirectly owned by the South African Government. As as consequence of the constitutional independence of the three spheres of government in South Africa, only entities within the local sphere of government are considered to be related parties.

Management are those persons responsible for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the municipality, including those charged with the governance of the municipality in accordance with legislation, in instances where they are required to perform such functions.

Close members of the family of a person are considered to be those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that management in their

Only transactions with related parties not at arm's length or not in the ordinary course of business are disclosed.

21 Events after reporting date

Recognised amounts in the financial statements are adjusted to reflect events arising after the reporting date that provided evidence of conditions that existed at the reporting date. Events after the reporting date that are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting date are dealt with by way of a note to the annual financial statements.

Ulundi Local Municipality NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 JUNE 2017

	101 1110) 001 011000 00 00112 2011				
	N	lote	2017	2016	
			R	R	
2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:					
Cash on hand			15 611,00	172 735,00	
Cash at bank			213 507,00	877 961,00	
Call deposits			1 718 303,00	1 326 969,00	
			1 947 421,00	2 377 666,00	
The Municipality has the following bank accounts: -					
Current Account (Primary Bank Account)					
First National Bank - Ulundi; 62035267609					
Cash book balance at beginning of year			825 691,00	825 691,00	
Cash book balance at end of period			194 962,00	825 691,00	
Bank statement balance at beginning of year			825 691,00	3 596 383,00	
Bank statement balance at end of period			194 962,00	825 691,00	
Current Account (Other Account)					
First National Bank - Ulundi Branch: 62033637846					
Cash book balance at beginning of year			42 143,00	42 143,00	
Cash book balance at end of period			3 586,00	42 143,00	
Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of period			42 143,00	42 143,00	
Debit Card account			3 586,00	42 143,00	
First National Bank - 8812710030007004					
Cash book balance at beginning of year			10 127		
Cash book balance at end of period			14 959	10 127	
Bank statement balance at beginning of year			10 127		
Bank statement balance at end of period			14 959	10 127	
Cash on hand					
Petty cash			1 000	1 000	
Main direct cashiers clearing account Traffic cashiers clearing account			6 411 8 200	139 309 32 425	
Traine cashiers clearing account			15 611	172 735	
Cash at bank		-			
Primary bank account			194 962	825 691	
Salaries bank account			3 586	42 143	
Credit card			14 959	10 127	
-6		=	213 507	877 961	
Call Accounts - FNB					
(FNB 62328066776 Electricity Sales Acc)			700 335	495 845	
(FNB 62324120261 DME Account) (FNB 62062833639 Housing Grant)			2 736 219 303	6 022 46 754	
(FNB 62067492802 Conditional Grant)			2 5 1 8	2 494	
(FNB 62064936093 FMG GRANT)			9 859	32 195	
(FNB 62064936340 Statutory Funds)			3 545	658 468	
(FNB 62064935855 Mayoral Empowerement)			6 708	6 642	
(FNB 62067492943 MIG Funds) (FNB 62067492638 Community Gardens)			15 797	17 705	
(FNB 62408436675 DDA)			2 056 11 314	2 035 10 925	
(FNB 62539513897 Disaster)			6 324	6 107	
(FNB 62228583888 MSIG ACC)			39 307	38 925	
(Fnb 62179391190 Investment Acc Main)			688 650	647	
(Fnb 62261683471 Traffic revenue		-	9 851	2 205	
		=	1 718 303	1 326 969	
Short term deposits					
Deposits on call with banks			1 718 303	1 326 969	
<u>Cash on hand</u> Cash at bank			15 611 213 507	172 735 877 961	
Total cash and cash equivalents		-	1 947 421	2 377 665	
Houthing Conditional Creat-	paralah inyadad Thin	_			
Unufilised Conditional Grants must be ring fenced and sep was not implemented and amounts invested at year end w					
cover the value of unspent conditional grants, as indicated					
Unutilised Conditional Grants			1 141 418	1 121 205	
Amounts Invested		=	1 718 303	1 326 969	
Surplus (Shortfall)	-	-	576 885	205 764	
	-				

Ulundi Local Municipality NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 JUNE 2017

	Note	201 7 R	2016 R
TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS Trade receivables	Gross Balances R	Provision for Doubtful Debts R	Net balance R
as at 30 June 2017	K	ĸ	ĸ
Service debtors	36 541 939	16 488 796	20 053 143
Rates	65 345 989 101 887 928	51 951 386 68 440 183	13 394 603 33 447 745
	101 007 320	00 440 103	33 447 743
Total Trade and other receivables	101 887 928	96 170 240	96 170 240
as at June 2016 Service deblors	E4 166 100	48.030.683	6 106 147
Rates	54 166 129 70 943 474	- 48 039 682 69 108 684	6 126 447 1 834 790
Total	125 109 603	117 148 366	7 961 237
Total Trade and other receivables	125 109 603	- 117-148-3 66	78 595 788
Rates: Ageing Current (0 – 30 days)		1 977 731	1 648 802
31 - 60 Days		1 439 925	773 660
61 - 90 Days 91 - 120 Days		1 094 025 1 254 811	612 867 ⁻ 376 587
121 Days and over		59 579 497	67 531 558
Total	-	65 345 989	70 943 474
Electricity and others Assista	=		
Electricity and other: Ageing		2 017	2 016
Current (0 – 30 days) 31 - 60 Days		5 701 041 1 666 816	18 519 244 2 875 185
61 - 90 Days		2 375 720	3 529 678
91 - 120 Days		451 303	8 196 743
121 Days and over	<u> </u>	22 437 496	21 045 279
Total	=	32 632 376	54 166 129
3 Reconciliation of the doubtful debt provision			
Balance at beginning of the year		117 232 723	101 496 618
Contributions to doubtful debt provision		(48 792 540)	15 736 105
Reversal of provision Balance at end of year	-	68 440 183	117 232 723
The parish of smaller and due kultastimosizadia as fallour			
The ageing of amounts past due but not impaired is as follows: Current (0 – 30 days)		-	638 182
31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days		846 192	
91 - 120 Days		305 798	
121 Days and over	-	67 288 193 68 440 183	638 182
No Government debts have been provided for in above amounts as per the Munic	ipal approved policy.	06 440 103	030 102
Trade and other receivables impaired			
As of 30 June 2017, trade and other receivables of R68 440 183 were impaired and provided for.			
The fair value of trade and other receivables approximates their carrying amounts.		101 887 928	125 109 603
	=	101 887 928	125 109 603
4 OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS			
Other debtors (Petrol deposit)		30 000	30 000
Accrued interest on investments Traffic fines accruals		1 813	8 641
Traffic fines (Fruitless expenses recovery)		22 222 464	17 231 702 25 000
Other debtors Total Other Debtors	.=	21 292	5 590 773
5 INVENTORIES	-	22 275 569	22 886 116
Orabo			
Opening balance		2 838 480	1 208 136
Stock received Stock issued		4 655 237 (3 746 262)	4 985 637 (3 271 670)
Obselete stock		(252 937)	(89 050)
Shortages/surpluses		9 954	5 427
Closing balance of inventories:		3 504 472	2 838 480
6 VAT RECEIVABLE			
VAT provision		3 260 490	3 685 469
VAT receivable	<u>=</u>	4 199 462 7 459 952	2 530 894 6 216 363
The municipality accounts for Value Added Tax on the cash basis.	=	00002	2210000

		al Municipality				
NOTES TO TH	E FINANANCIAL STATEN			JUNE 2017		
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT						
					Finance lease	
Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Land and Buildings R	Infrastructure R	Community R	Other Assets R	assets R	Total R
Carrying as at 01 July 2016	120 971 677	200 477 630	68 907 888	7 885 203	7 805 558	406 047 9
Cost/Revaluation	140 844 053	824 213 778	90 783 349	17 690 382	13 786 800	1 087 318 3
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	(19 872 376)	(623 736 148)	(21 875 461)	(9 805 179)	(5 981 242)	(681 270 40
Movements for the period ended 30 JUNE 2017						
Movements for the year						-
Acquisitions/ Additions	64 100	3 383 766	-	2 817 267	-	6 265 1
Capital Under Construction	691 401	13 082 725	13 414 007			27 188 1
Depreciation for the year	(2 813 669)	(29 700 891)	(2 877 139)	(1 705 612)	(4 595 600)	(41 692 9
Transfers of Assets/disposals (cost)				(4 149 299)		(4 149 29
Transfers of Assets/disposals (Accumulated Depreciation) Cost/Revaluation				(4 039 782)		(4 039 78
Carrying amount as at 30 JUNE 2017	118 913 509	187 243 230	79 444 756	8 887 342	3 209 958	397 698 7
Cost/Revaluation	141 599 554	840 680 269	104 197 356	16 358 350	13 786 800	1 116 622 3
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	(22 686 045)	(653 437 039)	(24 752 600)	(7 471 008)	(10 576 842)	(718 923 53
NOTES TO THE	Ulundi Loc	al Municipality		0 ILINE 2016		~
NOTES TO THE	Property, Plant and			U JUNE 2016		
Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Buildings	Infrastructure	Community	Other Assets	Finance lease	Total
Reconcination of Carrying Value	R	R	R	R	R -	R
Carrying as at 01 July 2015	119 237 203	209 806 381	56 742 819	3 230 079	12 401 158	401 417 6
Cost/Revaluation	136 366 681	804 077 586	76 449 373	11 701 729	13 786 800	1 042 382 1
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	(17 129 478)	(594 271 205)	(19 706 554)	(8 471 650)	(1 385 642)	(640 964 52
Movements for the year Acquisitions/ Additions	1 628 367	1 361 650	289 075	5 988 653		9 267 7
Acquistions/ Additions Capital Under Construction	2 849 005	18 774 542	14 044 901			35 668 4
	(2 742 898)	(29 464 943)	(2 168 907)	(1 333 529)	(4 595 600)	(40 305 87
Depreciation for the year						
	120 971 677	200 477 630	68 907 888	7 885 203	7 805 558	406 047 9
Depreciation for the year		200 477 630 824 213 778	68 907 888 90 783 349	7 885 203 17 690 382	7 805 558 13 786 800	406 047 9 1 087 318 3

7,1 Heritage asset Opening balance Movements Closing balance	10 501	10 501			
8 INVESTMENT PROPERY CARRIED AT FAIR VALUE	2017	2016			
Carrying amount beginning of the year Transferred to PPE Prior period error	9 915 000 -	63 597 000 (53 342 000)			
Sales recognised during the year Lot D1715 incorrectly disclosed as investment property		-340 000		1	
Carrying amount end of the year	9 915 000	9 915 000			
Full listing was revalued, and ownership verified by Professional Valuers, Municipal Valuer, BPC evaluated investement properties under the ownership of Ulundi Municipality.			I that the		
Full listing was revalued, and ownership ventied by Professional Valuers, Municipal Valuer, BPC			I that the		
Full listing was revalued, and ownership verified by Professional Valuers, Municipal Valuer, BPC evaluated investement properties under the ownership of Ulundi Municipality.	Mass Appraisals, an	d it has been confirme	d that the		- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS Trade creations Trade creation Trade creati						
True conders Very recorded Comments Jack Department Increased Indicators Jack Department Indicators			Note		2 017	R 201
We returned Consequentation Florid 2	10	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS				
Unpresented Changes Payments Incred of Indianates Payments Indianate					69 365 937	63 782 621.0
Permeter received an advance 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		Workmans Compensation Fund			3 571 403 26 710 854	3 571 403.0 19 686 976 0
Remembers Observations Check condects Che or c					4 413 755	4 675 506 0
Description Learn Sales Sussess Land Careford Land Sales Sussess Land Careford Land Sales Sussess Land Sales Sal					7 003 378	6 331 465 (
Cheer credents Total credition That far value of trade and other credition accounters here current amounts The far value of trade and other credition accounters here current amounts The PROVISIONS SERFOUNDA CEDIUS AND LEAVE PROVISION Our create in additionance accessores Counters		Deposits other			201 142	160 830 (
Total credition The far value of a bell and other and other presents approximate amounts IT PROVISIONS PREFORMANCE BONUS AND LEAVE PROVISION Occases to professional subsession Staff leave accounts Increase in Leave provision Staff leave accounts Increase in Leave provision Total Provisional Unique to the Held of Department positions that were filled during the financial year effect during the fire and valued and the staff of Department positions that were filled during the financial year effect, the or of which during the latest that the Held of Department positions that were filled during the financial year effect, the or of which are not so that are n	- :	Land Sales Suspense			9 759 720	4 462 018 104 713,
The far value of hade and other personness approximates have common emonts. 11 PROVISIONS PERFORANCE BORUS AND LEAVE PROVISION 12 DESCRIPTION OF A CONTROL OF THE PROVISION Southern the personness of the second state of the s					121 026 187	102 777 532,
11 PROVISIONS PERFORMANCE BONUS AND LEXIVE PROVISION Operance Operance in provisions Start flavor according Total Provisions Operances in provision delegation of the start o						
Observation to professional contents of the co		The fair value of trade and other payments approximates their carrying amounts.			- 1	
Occase in performance provision Staff leave recreat Processes in Leave provision Total Provision on the text be Head of Departments positions that were (filed during the financial year which are not included in this processor To UNSPERT CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND RECEPTS Unspent conditional or denth from the softens of greatment To Unspent conditional or denth from the softens of greatment To Unspent conditional or denth from the softens of greatment To Unspent conditional or denth from the softens of greatment To Unspent conditional or denth from the softens of greatment To Unspent conditional or denth from the softens of greatment To Unspent conditional or denth from the softens of greatment To Unspent conditional or denth from the softens of greatment or denth from the softens of greatme	11	PROVISIONS :PERFOMANCE BONUS AND LEAVE PROVISION				
Obercase in performance provision Stuff leave recorded Intercessor in Leave provision Intercessor provision is due to the Head of Departments positions that were filled during the financial year which are not included in the provision II UNISPENT CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND RECEIPTS II UNISPENT CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND RECEIPTS II UNISPENT CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND RECEIPTS II LONG SERVICE LEAVE AWARDS II LONG SERVICE LEAVE AWAR		Opering			8 572 366	605 236.
Focus Provision Total Provisions Decrease in provision is due to the Head of Departments positions that were (filed during the financial year which as not worked in the stocked in		Decrease in performance provision			-58 209	26 240 7 940 890
Concesses provisions of the Fread of Departments possions that were filled during the financial year which are not recluded in the provision of the provision		Staff leave accruel			642 689	7 940 E90.
Concesses in provision is due to the Head of Departments positions that were filled during the financial year which are not concluded in the provision					D 356 846 1	8'572'000
which are not recluded in the provision 12. UNSPERT CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND RECEPTS Unspent conditional orants from other physics of stem immedia 13. LONG SERVICE LEAVE AWARDS 13. LONG SERVICE LEAVE AWARDS Accorded faithful co. 30. June 2016 Current services cool Interest cool Sending and services of the faithful co. 30. June 2016 Current services cool Interest cool Sending and services of the faithful co. 30. June 2016 Current services cool Interest cool Sending and services of the faithful co. 30. June 2017 Accorded leabelly co. 30. June 2017 Accorded leabelly co. 30. June 2017 The bonuses send for the financial vices ended 50. Are 2017 should record on the actual counted of bonuses made The actual bonuses debenishs from United Accorded feathful vices in should be substituted for and the difference nested off the actual counted of bonuses made The actual bonuses debenishs from United Accorded feathful vices in should be substituted for and the difference nested off the actual counted of bonuses made The actual bonuses debenishs from United Accorded feathful vices in should be substituted for and the difference nested off the actual counted of bonuses made The actual bonuses debenishs from United Accorded feathful vices in should be substituted for actual counter of bonuses made The actual bonuses debenishs from United Accorded feathful vices and the difference nested off the actual counter of bonuses made The actual bonuses debenishs from United Accorded feathful vices and the actual counter of bonuses and the financial bonuses debenishs from United Accorded feathful vices and the actual counter of bonuses and the financial bonuses debenishs from United Accorded feathful vices and the actual counter of bonuses and the difference nested off the actual counter of bonuses and the financial bonuses and the difference nested off the actual counter of bonuses and the difference nested off the actual counter of bonuses and the difference nested off the actual counter of bonuses and the difference of bonuse					i	
Unique conditional prints from other acheers of ignamment See rotar 21 for reconstitution of greats. 1						
Unique conditional prints from other acheers of ignamment See rotar 21 for reconstitution of greats. 1	12:	UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND RECEIPTS				
13 LONG SERVICE LEAVE AWARDS Accord teining on 30 June 2016 Benefits on 30 June 2016 Accord teining on 30 June 2017 Accord teining on 30 June 2017 Accord teining on 30 June 2017 The bonuses paid for the financial visit ended 30 June 2017 should record on the actual comment of bonuses made. The actual binaries of bonuses and from Union Accord teining on 30 June 2017 The bonuses paid for the financial visit ended 30 June 2017 should record on the actual comment of bonuses made. The actual binaries of bonuses and from Union Accord fearable feara		Unspeni conditional grants from other scheres of the nment			1 121 205	1 121 205
13 LONG SERVICE LEAVE AWARDS Accord teining on 30 June 2016 Benefits on 30 June 2016 Accord teining on 30 June 2017 Accord teining on 30 June 2017 Accord teining on 30 June 2017 The bonuses paid for the financial visit ended 30 June 2017 should record on the actual comment of bonuses made. The actual binaries of bonuses and from Union Accord teining on 30 June 2017 The bonuses paid for the financial visit ended 30 June 2017 should record on the actual comment of bonuses made. The actual binaries of bonuses and from Union Accord fearable feara		Consists 23 for recognition of produ			1 141 418	1 121 205
Accorded infibility on 30 June 2015 Current service costs Interests cost Interest costs Interests costs Interests costs Interests costs Interests (Casts) Interests (Ca						
Accord labilition 30 June 2016 Committeers cost Interest cost Committeers Committee	13	LONG SERVICE LEAVE AWARDS			2 017	20
Current periods cost interest	_				R	R
Current content of loop service Interest's cord	-	Accorded Julia IV on 30 June 2016			4 497 179	4 058 265
Interest cost Benefits soid Current cortion of long service Actuarial to 5 (Cee) Prior are distincted Accurated basis and Service Interest should be sub-thirted for and the difference nefted off the actuarial countries to retain the accurate net habitary 14 REPAIRS AND MAINT AINANCE (Buddons I Economical Feedons (Buddons I Economical Feedons (A Repetit Maintalanance I Service I S		Current service cost			453 625	338 705
Conset control of long service Actural local Claim Prox rear adjustment Accured tablety on 30 JUNE 2017 The bonuses paid for the financial year ended 30 Area 2017 should record on the actual comment of bonuses made The actual bonuses obtainable from Uhords, accured financial was should be subtlated for and the difference nelted off the actual financial was should be subtlated for and the difference nelted off the actual financial was should be subtlated for and the difference nelted off the actual financial was should be subtlated for and the difference nelted off the actual financial was should be subtlated for and the difference nelted off the actual financial was should be subtlated for and the difference nelted off the actual financial was should be subtlated for and the difference nelted off the actual financial was should be subtlated for and the difference nelted off the actual financial be accurately according to the actual bonuses should be actual bonuses of the actual bonuses should be accurately		Interest cost			435 625	300 338, -170 446
Accord Nability on 30 JUNE 2017 Proc man distributed Accord Nability on 30 JUNE 2017 The bonues paid for the financial was ended 30 Ame 2017 should report on the actual counter of bonues made The actual bonues obtainable from Utunck accuracy financial was should be sub-listed for and the difference nelled off the actual floarithosts to retain the accuracy nell habity 14 REPAIRS AND MAINTAINANCE 15 BURGHOST 16 BURGHOSS 1 BURGHOST 16 STORM Substations 17 Amounts payable under finance feases 18 Caspment 2017 Minimum lease Future finance feases 19 Septembril 2017 Minimum lease Future finance feases 2018		Penefits pold			-840 394 -725 794	-840 394
Prior year adjustment Accord labeling on 30 JUNE 2017 The bonuses paid for the financial year ended 30 Ame 2017 should report on the actual payment of bonuses made The actual bonuses debanable from Unandusecound financial year ended 30 Ame 2017 should report on the actual payment of bonuses made The actual bonuses debanable from Unandusecound financial year ended 50 Ame 2017 should report on the actual payment of bonuses made The actual bonuses debanable from Unandusecound financial year payment of bonuses made The actual bonuses debanable from Unandusecound financial year payment of bonuses made The actual bonuses debanable from Unandusecound financial year payment of bonuses made The actual bonuses debanable from Unandusecound financial year payment of the actual bonuses debanable from Unandusecound financial year payment of the actual bonuses and the actual bonuses debanable from Unandusecound financial year payment of the actual bonuses and the a	-	Ashurani lassi Cain			120701	810 711
Accured labality on 30 JUNE 2017 The bonuses gold for the financial year ended 30 June 2017 should report on the actual cayment of bonuses made. The actual bonuses debanable from Utunck accured financial view should be substituted for and the difference nefted off the actual of the actual bonuses made. The actual bonuses of bonuses in the actual bonuses are bonused from Utunck accured financial view should be substituted for and the difference nefted off the actual of the actual bonuses made. The actual bonuses are bonused financial view should be substituted from Utunck accured financial view should be substituted for any the actual of the actual bonuses made. The actual bonuses are bonused financial bonuses and the actual bonuses are bonused for the actual bonuses and the bonuses are bonused for the actual bonuses and bonuses are bonused for actual bonuses and bonuses are bonused for actual bonuses and the bonuses are bonused for actual bonuses and the actual bonuses are bonused for actual bonuses are bon						
The bonuss paid for the financial votal ended 30 Ama 2017 should report on the actual payment of bonuses made The actual bennets obtainable from Uhandu accused financial vetal phone to substituted for and the difference nested off the actual payment of bonuses made The actual bennets obtainable from Uhandu accused financial vetal phone to substitute of the actual bennets obtainable from Uhandu accused financial vetal phone to substitute of the actual bennets obtainable from Uhandu accused financial vetal phone to substitute of the actual bennets obtained to substitute of the actual bennets obtained to substitute of the actual bennets obtained from Uhandu accused financial vetal phone to substitute of the actual bennets obtained to substitute of the actual bennets of the actual		Accrued liability on 30 JUNE 2017				
Repaired with shooled be substituted for and the difference nested of the activator (pairwines to repair the accrete of an activation) Repairs AND MAINTAINANCE Buildons Consomed Fencion Network N					3 820 241	4 497 179.
Fencing Network					785 408	1 018 24)
Newton Maintainance Streetforms					#05 975 53 300	736 823
Roads Maintainance Streetholis					4 827 178	5 247 960
Steekholts Skipped S		Roeds Maintainance			903 594	1 596 293
Ancordisonars Ancordisonars 15. FINANCE LEASE LIABILITY 2017 Minimum lease Future finance leases Amounts payable under finance leases Within one year Within one year Within one year Within one year Within two to fine years 1	- 1	Streetinhis			1 859 235 910	329 350 550 638
15 FINANCE LEASE LIABILITY 2017 Minimum lease Future 6 R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	نـــ	Kiosk and Substations			39 250	38 155
15 FINANCE LEASE LIABILITY 2017 Minimum lease Future for chart Amounts payable under finance leases Within one year Within two to fine years Less Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) 2016 Minimum lease 2017 Minimum lease Less Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) 2018 Minimum lease 2018 Minimum lease Payamant chart payamant		Art conditioners				
2017 Minimum lease Future file	- 1				7 132 564 1	9 595 462
2017 Minimum lease Future file						
Amounts payable under finance feases , R R R Within one year	15	FINANCE LEASE LIABILITY				
Amounts payable under finance leases Within one year			2017		Future finance	Future finance charges
Within one year Control of the years Control of the years	-	Amounts payable under finance leases 7			R	R
Within two to fine years Less. Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) 2015 Minimum lease payment Amount's payable under finance leases R R R Within one year Within two to fine years \$ 9.592.277 4 Within two to fine years \$ 857.925 2 Less. Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current portion) 16.1 ACCUMULATEO SURPLUS				6.875.825	2 245 147	4 630 67
Less Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current portion) 2016 Minimum lesse Future fi payment cheri Amounts payment cheri R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R					2 245 147	
2015 Minimum lease Future finance leases Amounts parable under finance leases Within one very Within the order very 5 62777 4 Within the order very 6 6475 625 2 Within the order very 16 436 169 6 Less Amount due for a settlement within 12 months (cultient serion) 16.1 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS 100 3333 (Defails surplus for the very		Lave Amount due for cattlement within 12 months (current tighting)		6 875 825	2 245 147	4 630 674
Amounts payable under finance leases R Within one year Within one year Best 277 4 Best 275 2 Best Amount due for assistance within 12 months (untent portion) Less Amount due for assistance within 12 months (untent portion) 16.1 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Defail/Surplus for the year		Less. Allikont due to Seldensin with 11 through Seldens				4 630 678
Amounts payable under finance leases R Within one year Within one year Best 277 4 Best 275 2 Best Amount due for assistance within 12 months (untent portion) Less Amount due for assistance within 12 months (untent portion) 16.1 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Defail/Surplus for the year						
Amounts develop under finance leases Milbh one year Wilbh one year Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) Best Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person)			2016		Future finance	Future finance
Wilthin one year 9 552 277 4 Wilthin two to free years 9 552 277 2 Wilthin two to free years 16 458 107 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6				paym#n1 D	chartres P	charges R
Within two to fine years 6875 625 2 Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current sortion) 16.1 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Deficit/Surplus for the years 9		Amounts payable under finance leases				
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (current person) 16.1 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS ((Defc/USUrplus for the Vest) 9.333				9 582 277 6 875 825	4 640 345 2 245 147	4 941 932 4 630 678
16.1 ACCUMULATED SURPLUS 10.1 (Defci/Surplus for the Yell 9	- 0				6 885 492	9 572 610
333 (Defci/95urplus for the Y== 9		Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (cultent portion)				9 572 610
333 (Deficit/Surplus for the \(\text{t=}\)						
333 (Defci/95urplus for the Y== 9	_				2 017	20
(/Deficit/Surplus for the vest		ACCUMULATED SURPLUS				
	16,1				333 033 710	323 045 478
					0.000 222	3 400 854
7.16		(Deficit/Surplus for the war. Other accumulated surplus			9 988 232 323 045 478	3 499 851 319 545 626
16.2 Reserves		Other accumulated sumplies			9 988 232 323 045 478	3 499 851 319 545 626

Ulundi Local Municipality		
NOTES TO THE FINANANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR END	D 30 JUNE 2017	
Hote	2 0 1 7	20
	R	R
17 PROPERTY RATES	*	
Astval		
Residential	11 317 847	10 529 285
Commercial	15 637 330	12 063 377
Agriculture	2 531 524	2 356 772
State	- 29 382 186	27 698 959
	: 58 868 689	52 748 393
Rates rebailes	-4 572 P55	-3 672 125
Total property rates	54 295 934	49 076 268
Property rates - penalties imposed and collection charges	11 416 944	9 004 277
Total	65 712 878	58 080 541
, 10th	63 712 878 1	56 060 54
Valuations		
Residental	827 486 000	736 565 000
Commercial	554 254 000	554 254 000
!Slate	952 707 000	1 043 642 000
Acriculture	734 062 200	734 062 200
iNor-Balashie	144 342 000	144 342 000
Total Property Valuations	3 212 851 200	3 212 866 200
Valuations on land and buildings are performed every four years. The last valuation came into effect on 1 July (2013 Internativations are processed on a quarterly basis to take into account changes in individual property		
values due to alterations.		
A ratic per category is applied to property valuations to determine assessment rates. Rebates of R15 000,00 ±		
es per MPRA and R45 000,00 additional rebate as per council resource; are provided to residential property		
as per APPRA and R45 000,00 additional rebets as per council resources are granted to residental property — senting Hates are leved on an annual basis on property owners. Interest at 18% per annum is leved on		
es per APPRA land R45 000,00 additional rebaits as per council reboundor are practical to redembly property such is. Halter single-level on an annual basis on property owners. Therest 8/18% per annum is level on outstanding rates.		
as per MPRA and R45 000,00 additional release as per council relectuon are granted to recidental property————————————————————————————————————	855% (4)	58 AA7 509
as per MPRA and R45 000,00 additional mobile as per council resources are granted to recoloring properly— makes in the rick weed on an annual basis on properly owners. Interest at 19% per annual is lented on outstanding rates. 8. SERVICE CHARGES IS als of electricity.	85 535 541 8 603 117	
as per MPRA and R45 000,00 additional release as per council relectuoism are granted to recidental property— available. Refer included on an annual basis on property owners, finiented at 18% per annual is leved on outstanding rates. 18. SERVICE CHARGES IS also of electricity Refuse removal	6 998 312	7 200 494
as per MPRA and R45 000,00 additional mobile as per council resources are granted to recoloring properly— makes in the rick weed on an annual basis on properly owners. Interest at 19% per annual is lented on outstanding rates. 8. SERVICE CHARGES IS als of electricity.		7 200 494
ss per MPRA and R45 000,00 additional mobile as per council resolution are granted to recoloring properly— marker in literatives of an animal basis on properly owners. Interest at 18 th per animal is lented on outstanding rates. 8. SERVICE CHARGES Sale of electricity Reduce removal Total Service Charges	6 998 312	7 200 494
ss per MPRA and R45000,00 additional mobile as per council resolution are granted to recoloring properly— marks. Place are level on an annual basis on properly owners. Interest at 18 th per annual is level on outstanding rates. 8. SERVICE CHARGES Sale of electricity. Refuse removal. Total Service Charges.	6 998 312 92 534 853 ;	7 200 494) 65 648 003)
ss per MPRA and R45 000,00 additional mobile as per council resourcer as prainted to recoloring property— shall a filter followed on an annual basis on property owners. Interest at 19% per annual is feited on louistanding rates a. SERVICE CHARGES Sale of alectricity Preture remona. Total Service charges In Teal A QIFFACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT Renals of facilities AND EQUIPMENT	6 993 312 92 534 853 ;	7 200 494) 65 648 003 971 013
ss per MPRA and R45000,00 additional mobile as per council resolution are granted to recoloring properly— marks. Place are level on an annual basis on properly owners. Interest at 18 th per annual is level on outstanding rates. 8. SERVICE CHARGES Sale of electricity. Refuse removal. Total Service Charges.	6 998 312 92 534 853 ;	7 200 494 65 648 003 971 013
ss per MPRA and R45 000,00 additional mobile as per council resourcer as prainted to recoloring property— shall a filter followed on an annual basis on property owners. Interest at 19% per annual is feited on louistanding rates a. SERVICE CHARGES Sale of alectricity Preture remona. Total Service charges In Teal A QIFFACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT Renals of facilities AND EQUIPMENT	6 993 312 92 534 853 ;	7 200 494 65 648 003 971 013
ss per MPRA and R45 000,00 additional mobile as per council resolution are printed to recoloring property— binder. Meter are followed on an annual bears on property owners. Interest at 19% per annual is fertiled on outstanding rates. a. SERVICE CHARGES. Sale of alectricity (Reture remonal Total Service Charges.) Intel® Service Charges. In IERNIAL OF FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT. Retulat of facilities and EQUIPMENT. Retulat of facilities. O INTEREST. EARNED - EXTERNAL INVESTMENTS.	92 534 853 ; 92 534 853 ; 1 043 918 ; 1 043 918 ;	7 200 494 65 648 003 971 013 971 013.
ss per MPRA and R45000,00 additional mobile as per council resolution are granted to recoloring properly— mental Fillers are leveled on an annual basis on properly owners. Interest at 18 to per annual is leveld on outstanding rates. 8. SERVICE CHARGES Sale of electricity Reduce removal Total Service Charges 9. IRENTAL OF FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT Rental of lacities Total rentals 0. INTEREST EARNED - EXTERNAL INVESTMENTS	6 599 312 92 534 653 3 1 043 918 1 1 043 918 1	7 200 494) 65 648 003 971 013 971 013 1 161 430
ss per MPRA and R45 000,00 additional mobile as per council resolution are printed to recoloring property— binder. Meter are followed on an annual bears on property owners. Interest at 19% per annual is fertiled on outstanding rates. a. SERVICE CHARGES. Sale of alectricity (Reture remonal Total Service Charges.) Intel® Service Charges. In IERNIAL OF FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT. Retulat of facilities and EQUIPMENT. Retulat of facilities. O INTEREST. EARNED - EXTERNAL INVESTMENTS.	92 534 853 ; 92 534 853 ; 1 043 918 ; 1 043 918 ;	58 447 509 50 7 200 454 65 648 003 971 013 971 013 2 7 2 9 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50

		Note	2 017 R	2 D1
24 600	FRIMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES			
1	shie share		124 460 000	128 213 000
Cond	licinal Grants utilised		58 187 885	53 889 476
Total	Government Grant and Subsidies		182 647 885	182 102 476,
21 1 Equit	able Share ns of the Constitution, this grant is used to subsidise the provision of basic services to indigent			
comm	ounity members. All registered indigents receive a 100% monthly subsidy for rales which is funded from		124 480 000	100 017 000
21,2 MIG (
	ice unspent at beginning of year	1		
Curre	nt year receipts Bons met - blansferred to revenue		29 492 000 -29 492 000	33 957 000 -33 957 000
	Itions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21)			
(Fig4k	explanations of conditions still to be met and other relevant information			
21.3 Electi	iffication of households			
Balan	ice unspent at beginning of year interesting of year interesting and year receipts		25 000 000	15 000 000 1
Condi	bons met - transferred to revenue itions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21)		-25 000 000	-15 000 000,
	Corridor Grant			
	ce unspent at beginning of year			535 575.
Curre	ni year recetots bons met - bransferred to revenue			-535 575.
Cond	ltions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21)			
21.5 Finan	ce Management Grant			
	ice unspent at beginning of year nt year receipts		902 1 725 000	1 700 000
(Condi	Nons mel - Iransferred to revenue Hions atili to be met - remain Liabilities (see note 21)		-1 725 902	-1 599 098,0 902,0
	cipal Systems Improvement Grant			
	ce unspent at beginning of year			
Curre	nt verificeciats bions met - transferred to revenue			930 000,0
	Itions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21)			
21.7 Deve	bemental Planning Grant			
	ce unspent at beginning of year nt year receipts		26 493	28 493,0
Condi	Nors met - transferred to revenue [1] Itions atiil to be met - remain liabilities [see note 21]		28 493	28 493,0
21.8 EPWF				
Curre	ce unspent at be printing of year nd year receipts tions met - bransferred to revenue		1 000 000 -1 000 000	1 332 000 0
Cond	Itions attill to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21)			
1 90 SETA	Grant			
Balan	ce unspent at beginning of year		2 995 21 600	2 995 0
Condi	bons mel - transferred to revenue itions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21)		24 595	2 995.0
1	n. Capacity Building Grant			
			14 616	14 616 0
Currer	ce uns pent at beginning of year It year receits Rons met - bansferred to revenue			- :
Condi	(tions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21)		14 616	14 616.0
21,11 Strafe	inic plunning Grant			
	ce unement al beginning of year		462	4 352.0
Condi	th year receipts tions mel - transferred to revenue titions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21)		462	-3 900,0 462.0
	A implementation Grant			104 513.0
Сипел	ce unspent at beginning of year ni year receipts			-104 513 (
Condi	tions mel - transferred to revenue (tions still to be met - remain lightities (see note 21)			101 010.0
21,13 MDIS	Support Grant			
Balan	ce unspenial beginning of year			125 000.0
Condit	nt veer receipts Sons met - transferred to revenue			-125 000,0
Condi	tions still to be met - remain Nabilities (see note 21)			
21,14 Grant				
Currer	ce unspent at beginning of year ni year receipts		281 327	231 327.0
Condit	ions met - transferrad to revenue Itions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21)		281 327	281 327.0
21,15 Grant				
Balan	ce unapent at beginning of year st year receipts		73 180	73 180,0
Condit	ions met - transferred to revenue itions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21		73 180	73 169,0
	- investment plan			
THE POST OF REAL PROPERTY.	ce unspent at beginning of Year		2 000	2 000,0

	Ulundi Locel Munici Notes to the finahancial statements for	pality THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017		
		Note	2 017 R	R 2010
	Grant - sportsfields			
	Balance unapent at beginning of year		280 355	314 555,0
	Current year receipts			
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue			-34 200,0
_	Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21)		280 355	280 355.0
21,18	KZN Arts and Culture			
	Balance unspent at beginning of year			126 000.0
	Current year receipts		969 983	780 000 D
	Conditions mel - transferred to revenue	1	-969 983	-906 000.00
	Conditions still to be mel - remain liabilities (see note 21)			
21.19	Other Government Grants and Subsidies			
	Balance unspent at beginning of year		436 390	442 254 00
	Current year receipts	,		
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue			-
	Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21)		436 390 ;	442 254,00
	Total unspeni conditional grants		1 141 418	1 126 584,01
	Changes in levels of Dovernment Drants		1 1	
	Based on the allocations set out in the Division of Revenue Act, no significant changes in the level of povernment blant finding are expected over the forecoming 3 financial years.		1 1	

	HE YEAR ENDED 3	JUNE 2017		
	Note		2 017 R	R
2 OTHER INCOME, PUBLIC CONTRIBUTIONS AND DONATIONS				
Other income(Reconnection fees, Tempenna Building plans, Commission, Market stall Highmast)			2 826 498	4 172 50
Wheeling charges !Line losses				13 197 7B 1 43 614
Interest (Recognised plan and wheeling) Total Other Income			2 826 498	11 159 226 29 962 131
73 EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS				
Employee related costs - Salaries and Wages Employee related costs - Contributions for UIF, pensions and medical aids			70 020 521 21 953 337	51 345 44 21 613 30
Trave* motor can accommodation, subsistence and other allowances Housing benefits and allowances			7 640 578 184 358	5 254 12 170 15
Overbrie payments			1 693 914	2 315 4
Performance and other boruses [Other ampliques related costs			4 604 328 8 123 803	4 004 56 6 506 70
Employee Related Costs 1		-	114 230 839	102 912 76
There were no advances to employees / Loans to employees are set out in note 3				
Remuneration of the Municipal Manager				
Annual Remuneration I Performance- and other bonuses			1 122 077	620 59 51 48
Travel, motor car, accommodation, subsistence and other allowances			108 509 1 785	113 08
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds Settlement				1 145 48
Total			1 232 370-	1 941 54
Remuneration of the Municipal Manager				33 55
Acling Allowance Total				33 55
Remuneration of the Chief Finance Officer			80.477	774 86
Annual Remuneration Performance- and other bonuses			824 277	61 48
Travel, motor car accommodation, subsistence and other allowances Contributions to UIF, Medical and Fension Funds			108 509 1 785	109 50 1 78
Total			934 571	947 63
Remunaration of the Director Corporate Services				
Annual Remuneration Annual leave encashment			600 956 117 196	429 76
Travel motor car accommodation, substitutes and other allowances Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds			69 539 892	72 33
Total			788 583	898 62
	Technical	Planning &	Community	
Remuneration of Individual Executive Directors	Services R	Development	Services R	Protection Serv
2017				
Annual Remuneration	822 625	340 960	412 138	824 27
Performance and other bonuses Travel motor can accommodation, subsistence and other allowances	173 800	54 255	54 255	108 50
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds Total	1 785 998 210 4	396 106 00 1	892 467 285	1 7E 934 57
	Tachnical 1	Planning &	Community	
	Services E	Development	Services R	Protection Surv
2016				
Annual Remuneration Performance* and other bosuses	776 035		774 663 61 483	774 85 61 48
Travel, motor car, eccommodation, substitience and other allowances Contributions to U.F., Medical and Pension Funds	173 805 1 785	-	102 509	105 30 1 78
iolal	1 013 103		940 640	944 44
				-47 57
REMUNERATION OF COUNCILLORS				
Executive Mayor			756 562 504 285	782 48
Deputy Executive Mayor Speaker			501 285 545 970	631 05 359 57
Executive Committee Members Councillors			2 753 420 4 804 379	2 963 579 4 572 02-
Counciliors' allowances Total Councillors' Remuneration			4 649 705 14 211 321	4 748 656 14 057 36
			19 211 321	14 031 36
In-kind Benefits				
The Executive Mayor, Deputy Executive Mayor, Speaker and Executive Committee Members are full-time, Each is provided with an office and secretarial support at the cost of the Council.				
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE				
			41 692 910	40 305 75
Proorty, clant and equipment			119 B35	to be more than 100
Total Depreciation and Americation			41 812 745	40 365 769
CHANCE COSTS				
FINANCE COSTS				6 194 401
Finance Lease Inlerest			4 640 345 4 640 345	
Finance Lease Inlerest				6 194 40
Finance Lease Interest Total Finance Costs				

	Note	2 017 ·	F
CONTRACTED SERVICES		<u></u>	
Hire of equipment		797 320	12
Hire of Offices Thire of Vehicles		291 737	2
:Professional fees		2 663 364 2 719 005	14
·Animal pound	1 : :	324 214	10
Cash handing (ee		512 820	2
Commission Sale pre-paid Electricity Commission Traffic fines		121 410 747 025	1 5
Grant expenditure - FMG		800 563	1.1
Indigent bunels		1 529 383 224 090	1 7
Legal expenses	1	1 621 793	14
Publicity		3 658 221	2.5
Telephone cost		1 524 739	23
Private Security Service Fieluse Removal contracts		# 029 7+3 7 777 091	7.4
Software and Icenses		2 938 963	3 6
Grant expenditure - M/G Grant expenditure - MSIG		2 019 791	1 4
Grant expenditure - MSIG Grant expenditure - Eletrification of households		20 894 042	13 1
Sports & recreation ifrastruture		3 804 893	
Grant expenditure - Library		12 119	
Grant expenditure-Grant -in aid Grant expenditure-Provincials ation of Libraries		7 456 21 600	
Grant expenditure - KZN Arts & Culture		2100	90
(MIG funded internally		2.00.55	1 2
Electrification prejects furnists internally		2 493 203 63 534 104	58 19
I CANADA CHOCANGA			
GENERAL EXPENSES			
Included in general superiges are the following -	- i		
Accompdation Absolete stock		760 407 251 360	7:
Advertising			- 61
Arts and Culture		252 522	6
Audit fees - External Audit fees - Audit committee		1 600 500 51 429	1 84
Bank charges		265 319	ì
Back to Basic propramme		1 196 117	
Cash shortages		11 104 60 000	
Chemicals and gases Children holiday propramme		35 250	
Civic entertainment		631 163	94
Conference fees		139 663	- 3
Delivery - Consumer accounts		116 978	17
Disaster rekel		1 726 450	77
Entertainment / Refreshments		190 105	22
Electricity consumation-decartmental		219 891	35 61
Expendable tools		45711	- 1
Fertilizer & Compast Fuel and oil - machinery			-
Free basic Services - Electricity		1 035 220	77
Fruitless and wasteful expenses		6 732 935	9 76
Highmasts & street of is HIV/AIDS Projects		850 002 955 461	71 1 65
IDP projects		234 825	165
International programms		58 500	8
LEO projects		2 393 062	2 50
LED schvilles LED strategy		2 601 055 1 530	78
Library material			8
License (ees			- 51
Local mayoral sports cuo Mayoral functions		1 498 361	1.29
Donations			1 30
Medical examination fees		1 170	1
Membership fees Out of pocket expenses		941 851	87 12
PMS & IDP review		11.00	44
Periodicals			
Printing and stall openy Programs - I.T.		2 342 454	1 53
Projects tourism		367 100	40
Promotional material		34 798	14
Quality Special projects/Grass cutting Refuse bags		1 942 145	1 03
Refuse recepticles		106 833	14
Repealer licence fee			
Small tools Startula and postular			
Slocks and material		1 247 064	1 07
Streetlights			99
Slud v ald - Staff Tourism brand awareness		74 484 249 500	21
Tourism education		134 400	18
Traffic fines expenditure			
Training Travel and subsistence		1 493 657 40 867	1 94
Travel and subsistence Transport		3 245 422	2 16
Uniforms & overalls		1 075 876	1 05
Valuation costs		33 900	4
Ward committees Water charges		1 604 236 32 983	1 19 98
WCA			42
Weed killers and insecticides		10 535	1
Youth affairs MSCOA Implementation Trees & Trubs		2 820 110	1 45
roscon impenentation		170 973 5 060 348	

		Note	2 0 1 7	2
			R	R
30	GAIN ((LOSS) ON SALE OF ASSETS			
	Loss on sale of land		109 517	
	Cost on sale or assets Total Gain / (Loas) on Sale of Assets		-109 517	
- 1				
31	CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS	1		
	Surplus (deficit) for the year		11 852 108 -5 951 899	3 499 85
- 1	Adhastment for end year Depreciation and impairment		41 803 785	· 40 331 62
	disposal of land		109 507 -341 994 00	
-4	Contribution to provisions - curren		-48 708 183 4 640 345	17 041 65 6 194 40
į į	Interest earned Degrating sumplus before working capital changes:		-759 637 2 544 032:	-1 161 43 65 906 10
	Desauth and hour Morking Capital Citamans.			
- 10	(norsese)/decrease in inventories		-410 420	1 630 34
	Increase y decrease in trade receivables Increase y decrease in other receivables		23 221 675 610 547	-17 433 00 -10 722 98
- (Increase) georgase in VAT receivable		-2 914 427	1 554 24 -164 67
	horease/decrease in conditional grants and recessis horease/decrease in trade pay that		20 213 19 102 274	13 959 29
-3	Coath parearated by/(officed in) operations.		42 273 824	51 478 68
32 (CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprise the fallowing			
	Bank batences and cash		1 947 421	2 377 66
	Vet cash and cash a culvalents (net of bank overdrafts)		1947 421 1	2 377 66
33 1	JNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE DISALLOWED			
- 1	Jnauthorised expenditure			
- 1				
- 1	Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure			
-	Openins balance Unauthorised exceed ture current year		1 992 000	1 992 00
	Approved by Council or condoned Transfer to receivables for receivery			
	Unauthorised expanditure awaiting NT agents at for writing off		1 992 000	1 992 00
-	and the second s			
33.2 F	rultiess and wasteful expenditure			
F	Reconciliation of fruitiess and wasteful expenditure			
	Opening balance - Fruilless incurred during the year.		28 501 796 6 732 935	18 709 57 9 791 7
	Fruitiess and esselful expenditure for the period excled 30 June 2016 Condoned or written off by Council			
	Unauthonsed aspending easing NT approval for writing off		35 234 331	26 501 79
			-1	
33 J I	regular expenditure and Deviations			
3.1 li	rredular expenditure			
T _F	Reconciliation of irregular expenditure			
	Dening balance		43 047 836	43 047 83
11	Irrequier sependiture current year		17 447 900	12 011 03
- 1	Condonement recommend or written off by Council Awaiting Treasury's final approval			
	Transfer to receivables for recovery – not condoned Imagular aspanditure awaiting NT approval for writing off		55 490 739	43 047 83
	The state of the s			
1				
.2 0	levisions			
	leconciliation of Deviations			
	(COLUMNOL O DENOVO)			
0	opening balance leviations current year		3 690 000 2 325 753	3 690 00
	Condoned or written off by Council Transfer to receivables for receivery - not condoned		-6 015 753	
	levistors awaring condonement		0]	3 690 00
34 A	DDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT			
34,1 C	contributions to organised local government			
	pening balance			
	ouncil subscriptions mount paid - current		1 498 361 -1 498 361	876 11 -876 11
A	mount paid - previous years		1,155,001	****
8	alance unpaid (included in payables)			
	udii fess			
0	pening balance		252 522	1 886 20
C	Offerit year autoi fee			-1 886 70

Comment part particularities Comment part particularities Comment par			Note .	2 017	
Comment out any angle dischards				R	R
Common team of month or many many in the common many many many many many many many man	34.3 PAYE and Ulf				:
Johnson and Marked And Option provides 19 14 Provides an edit Revisida And Option course 15 Comments assisted 16 Comments assisted and an edit Anne School Comments and Course Course Comments and Course Cour	Opening balan	Se Neral daductions		15 RAD 430	14 080 47
1. Person and Warden And Programmer	- bise faucamA;	corrent year	T.		-14 989 47
Demonstrates and concel Contributions 1993331 29 164 Information of Contributions and Concel Contributions 1993331 29 164 Information of Contribution and Contribution of Contributions 1993331 29 164 Information of Contribution and Contribution of Contribution					
Demonstrates and concel Contributions 1993331 29 164 Information of Contributions and Concel Contributions 1993331 29 164 Information of Contribution and Contribution of Contributions 1993331 29 164 Information of Contribution and Contribution of Contribution	_		1		
June 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	34.4 Pension and I	Andical Ald Deductions			
Annual of control cont					
Commentment in service description Commentment Commentmentmentmentment Commentmentmentmentmentmentmentmentmentmen	- bleq InuomAı	CUTTEN WANT	1		-29 164 69
The following Consolidation and sincere accordancing for more than 50 days as a 15. Total State					
The following Consolidation and sincere accordancing for more than 50 days as a 15. Total State					
AND A DECEMBER 1997 AND A PORT SERVICE AND A DECEMBER 1997 A DEC	34,5 Councillor's ar	rear consumer accounts	-	Outstanding less	Outstanding me
ACT	The following	Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days as at; -	Total		
Figure At Michaelsco A 1 10 2 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	as at 30 June 2	017			
Tel Maries (1997) Tel Maries (1	Prince N M But				4.51
Gal Connells Area Censome Accords 2,111 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5					
God Connection Arrian Consomer Accounts	, ro sesses				5 55
and 15 June 2010. Fines of Missinship 1 1 200 July 1 2 201 July 2					
and 15 June 2010. Fines of Missinship 1 1 200 July 1 2 201 July 2	Total Countries	Arrest Consumer Accounts			
It is brindering Fine TH Michaels (40) 400 400 400 400 400 400 40			1		
Contract Commitment Commitm	FI Buthelesi		1517	1 233	2
A CAPTIAL COMMITTMENTS PARTICULAR OF A STATE OF THE ANALYSIS		helezi			1:
Commitment is respect of capital assendance Sacrot commitment	I. C. Discuss		4/3	317	1
Commitment is respect of capital assendance Sacrot commitment	4. CAPITAL COM	AITMENTS		2 017	li e
Interest services 10629 99.06 1764 10229 99.06 1772	Commitments	n respect of capital expenditure			
Interest	Infrastructure			18 659 099.94	41 764 99
This expenditure will be founced from: 1. Constructions 1. Set 402,000 1. Set 92,000 1. Set	Heritage				12 727 0
1. Set 192 (2000 S. 1.4.91 C. Contributions (2000 S. 1.4.91 C. Con	Other (Electrific	#libn]		25 000 000	
Section Sect				£4.403.000	£4.404.0
2 PRISION FUND HIS ORMATION Defined contribution gives from the search interface and service from the search of t	- Own resource	\$			
2, Operating commitment 22,000,000 23,813 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2				54 492 000	54 491 95
2, Operating commitment 22,000,000 23,813 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2 25,833 2 25,000,000 25,833 2				2.017	
25.000.000 23.5.3).2 (a) Operating Icases All the recenting date the antity has cuts stinding commitments under operating leases which fall due as follows: (a) Operating Icases in tasks Within one year (b) Operating Leases counts of the following: (b) Operating Leases counts of the following: (c) Operating Leases counts to the following: (c) Operating Leases to the following: (c) Operating Leases to the following: (c) Operating Leases		mitment			
At the reporting date the antity has outstanding commitments under operating leases which fail due as (above;	Comminents			25 000 000	25 B13 22
At the reporting date the entity has cutstanding commitments under operating lasses which fail due as follows: Cyperating lasses - Inside White nor ware 11773				25 000 000	25 8 3 3 2
Content Councilion Counci	4,8 Operating lease		i		
Consider this crite year Consider this year	At the reporting	date the entity has outstanding commitments under operating leases which fall due as follows:		i	
Core almost Leases consists of the following: Operating Leases are negotiated for an average term of seven years and renulals are food for an average of these years. No confinement red is possible by the municipality for certain of its office properties and more vehicles. Leases are negotiated for an average of these years. No confinement red is possible PENSION FUND INFORMATION Defined contribution plan Certain Councilors and Certain employees belians to defined benefit referement (funds administered by the Natal Joint Manageap Pension Fund These funds are subject to a steroid actuaried substant in all substance as a sit of the Natal Joint Manageap Pension Fund These funds are subsided to a steroid actuaried substant in the fund is 90 6% funded The such pension as been increased into 17 % to 17.3 and the resolvent and the substance of the fund of of the fun		s - lussee	-		1 172 34
Operating Leases consists of the following: Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the municipality for certain of its office properties and moder vehicles. Leases are negotised for an average for the expert. No contingent rent is payable by the municipality for certain of its office properties and moder vehicles. Leases are negotised for an average of the expert. No contingent rent is payable. PENSION FUND INFORMATION Defined contribution pitson Certain Counciliors and Certain employees believe to defined benefit refirement (unds administered by the Natal Soft Managed Pension Fund These lands on a statistic properties and a 15 Natar Information of the statistic properties and a 15 Natar Information of the statistic properties and a 15 Natar Information of the statistic properties of the statistic properties of the statistic properties of the statistic properties and a 15 Natar Information of the statistic properties of the statistic for the fund overall, the statistic for statistic properties of the sta	Greater than on	Acti			601 42
Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the municipality for certain of its office properties and moder whiches Leases are negotiated for an average term of seven years and rentals are fixed for an average of three years. No contingent rent is payable. PENSION FUND INFORMATION Defined contribution plann Certain Councillors and Certain employees bisloom to defined benefit retirement (unds administrated by the Natal oloff thumbroad Pension Fund These lands on the contribution plann is between the character and the properties of the plant character which the strength of the plant of					17737
PENSION FUND INFORMATION Defined contribution plan Certain Councillors and Certain employees bitions to defined benefit referenced (unds administered by the Matel Joint Municipal Pension Fund These funds are subted to a thermal actuarial wilston. The last studyor actuarial valuation was reformed as at 31 March 2015. The Actuary advised that the fund is 90 6th funded The sunchange has been increased from 17 to 10 17th and the resourced and the fund of the substance of the sund	Operating lease motor vehicles.	payments represent rentals payable by the municipality for certain of its office properties and Leases are negotiated for an average term of seven years and rentals are fixed for an average			
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(funds administred by the Netal Confit Municipal Pension Fund. These funds are subject to a strendal actuarial substance that studiety actuarial valuation are as at 13 March 2015. The Actuary advised that the fund is 90.0% funded. The surchange has been increased from 17 bis 10.7% and the recognism depried. De defended from 5 to 8 years, at which time the deficit to suspected to be fully funded. SUFERANNUATION FUND The Actuary advised that the substance 95% funded. The actuarial valuation disclosed that for the fund overall, the fabbles for service to the valuation date were 95% funded. The actuarial valuation disclosed that for the fund overall, the fabbles for service to the valuation date were 95% funded. The actuarial valuation disclosed that the fund overall the student of the fabbles for service to the valuation date were 95% funded. The actuarial valuation disclosed that the fund overall that the fun					
any subject to a triental actuarial valuation. The last statutory exhausial valuation was certificated as at all March 2015. The Actuary advised that the fund overall, the stabilities of the stabilities of the exhausing the stabilities of th	funds administe	red by the Natal Joint Municipal Pension Fund. These funds			
This sucharge has been increased from 17% to 17.5% and the recognized to be fully funded. SUFERANNUATION FUND The Actuary advised that the valuation disclosed that, for the fund overall, the labilities for service to the valuation date were 95% funded. The actuary advised that the valuation disclosed that, for the fund overall, the labilities for service to the valuation date were 95% funded. The actuarial valuation disclosed that. The fund was in delicit A surcharge of 9.5% of persionable salaries has been imposed for 8 years from 1 March 2014 to meet the direct. The actuary has recommended the following. If it is recommend that the local authorities continues to pay the current contribution rate of 21.60% of persionable salaries to be reviewed as all 31 March 2013. Provident Fund The actuary is satisfied that the fund was in a sound financial condition as at 31 March 2012. Certain Councitors and employees belong to defined benefit interior interior administratory by the Natal Joint March 2009. Contribution Fund These funds are subject to a triennial actuarial valuation. The last valuation was performed in 2009. Sound The Sollowing matters are currently on the roll of the high court and as at balance sheel date the following matters are currently on the roll of the high court and as at balance sheel date the following matters are currently on the roll of the high court and as at balance sheel date the following matters are currently on the roll of the high court and as at balance sheel date the following matters are currently on the roll of the high court and as at balance sheel date the following matters are currently on the roll of the high court and as at balance sheel date the following matters are currently on the roll of the high court and as at balance sheel date the following matters are currently on the roll of the high court and as at balance sheel date the following matters are currently on the roll of the high court and as at balance sheel date the following matters are currently on the r	are subject to a	triennial actuarial valuation. The last statutory actuarial valuation			
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Certain Councillors and employees belong to defined benefit retirement funds administrated by the Natal Joint Municipal Pension Fund. These funds are subject to a triennial actuarial valuation. The last valuation was parafromed in 2009. 30 CONTINGENT LIABRISTY Coam the destinages. The following matters are currently on the roll of the high court and as at balance sheet date the following amounts retirement and seated by a season of the following amounts retirement on solid labelines, they are an estimate from the Municipality attentions. G. M. Zonde on behalf of L. Z. 2000 000 z. 000 000 t. Technon SA vs. Ulunds Mabaso casts. the municipality is defending the matter alleadings not yet closed 150 000 150 000 c. Cloud media cast simplicipating defending the matter awaring trial date. 400 000 400 000 000 000 000 000 000 00					
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Claim for demages The following matters are currently on the roll of the high court and as at balance sheel date the following amounts represent possible kebakes, they are an estimate from the Municipality's attorneys G.M. Zondo on behalf of U.Z. Zondo vs Ulundi Municipality 2 000 000 Z 000 000 Z 000 000 Z 000 000					
The following matters are currently on the roll of the high court and as at balance sheel date the following amounts represently possible kabakies, they are an estimate from the Municipality's attributes and a state of the court of the of the cou	Claim for demag	ABIUTY			
G.M. Zondo on behalf of L.Z. Zondo vs Ulandi Municipality 2,000 000 2,000 007 Tekons SA vs Uland. 2,000 000 2,000	The following m	atters are currently on the roll of the high court and as at balance sheel date the following			
Tekon SA vs Ulund. 200 000					
Clour media cere municipally defending the matter exacting tria date. 400 000 400 00 Umphene Bid Abptel 800 000 600 00	Telkom SA vs U	lundi		200 000	
Umphema Bid Apptel 800 000 600 00	Mabaso case the Clout media case	e municipality is defending the matter pleadings not yet closed I municipality defending the matter awaiting trial date.			150 00 400 00
IR & Is Consultante and others to (flund) thurstimility and others	Umphema Bid A	DØ46		800 000	600 00

	HE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 20	17	
	Note	2 017	21
		R	R
16 TRAFFIC FINES		-	
An amount of R111 4 (5.27) was outstanding at 5-June 2017, the collection rate was 2,60% hased on past			
thistory collection pattern: R 895 705 relates to the charges withdrawn as a result an amount of R4 965 761 twas accrued.			
Cash received		2 274 390	4 683 580
Traffic lines as per i GRAP 1		4 965 761	10 703 58:
<u> </u>		7 240 151	15 387 163
KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY AND JUDGEMENTS			
No areas have involved a significant degree of estmaken, uncertainty or judgements made by management in appliatfect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.	dying the municipalities accoun	ing policies and that have a material	l and significant
	1		
7 DISTRIBUTION LOSSES The municipality incurred distribution losses on Electricity amounting to approximatility #4 587 476 units for			
the period ended 30 June 2017, this loss amounted to approximately R15 214 730. These losses are	1	'	
calculated as the difference between power supplies purchased and sales recorded. Number consumers features and Commerces	<u> </u>	2 017	2 016
(Units purchased (kwh)		73 705 733	75 990 659
(Units sold (total)		49 118 257	41 815 196
Units lost in distribution		24 587 476	34 175 473
Si Lost in distribution Average Cott per unit purchased (cents)		0 6188	33
TOTAL COST OF DISTRIBUTION LOSSES		15 214 730	28 023 847
A huge reduction from the previous Financial year has been achieved. Further reductions are invisaged through	h the installation of 5000 pre-	paid meters that will replace redun	dant and by-pas
8 RISK MANAGEMENT			
Maximum credit risk exposure			
Maximum Credit Hav Exposure			
Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or consumer control. Leading to financial loss The municipality is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily for unite receivables			
Credit risk consists mently of cash deposits, cash equivalents and trade debtors. The municipality only deposits cash with miles banks with high quality credit standing and limits exposure to any one counter-devia.			
Trade receivables comprise a widespread customer base. Management evaluates credit risk relating to customers cm an organighasis. If customers are independintly rated, these ratings are used. Otherwise, if there is no melapendent rating, risk control assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account financial position, past experience and other factors individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with inities set by the municipation.		101 887 978	125 109 601:
The believe of the control of the co			
These balances represent the maximum exhibit e to credit nit.:			10000
Cesh and cash equivalents		1 947 421	2 377 6653
Trade receivables Credit inst from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the municipality's finance and management committee in accordance with the municipality's policy Investments of surplys funds are made only with approved counterpatives.		101 887 928	175 109 663
Counterparty credit fecilities are reviewed by MANCO on an annual basis , and may be updated throughout the			
year subject to approval by EXCO.			
year tobject to approval by EXCO.			
year sobject to approve EXCO. Financial assete erystose to credit risk at year end were as follows: First National Bank Cell Investments		1 718 303	1 376 969.0
was subject to approve by EXCO. Financial assets exposed to credit risk at year end were as follows:		1 718 303	1 376 959.
Year Subject to approval by EXCO			
year sobject to approve EXCO. Financial assete erystose to credit risk at year end were as follows: First National Bank Cell Investments		1718 303	
Spear subject to approval by EXCO			
Jean to Direct to approval by EXCO Financial assets exposed to credit risk at year end were as follows: Final National Bank Colf Investments These behances represent the maximum extensive to credit risk. Uquidity risk The maximpality's risk to lequidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The maximpality's risk to lequidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities. Cash flow forecasts are instanted and adequate utilised bandwing facilities are manifored. The table below analyses the manicipality's financial labilities are monitored. The table below analyses the manicipality's financial labilities are monitored. Laans payable-Finance Lease			2 01≅,
Speak subject to approval by EXCO		2 017 2 017 4 630 678 69 365 927	2 015,0 4 941 932.0 104 713 0
Jean to Direct to approval by EXCO Financial assets exposed to credit risk at year end were as follows: Final National Bank Colf Investments These behances represent the maximum extensive to credit risk. Uquidity risk The maximpality's risk to lequidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The maximpality's risk to lequidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities. Cash flow forecasts are instanted and adequate utilised bandwing facilities are manifored. The table below analyses the manicipality's financial labilities are monitored. The table below analyses the manicipality's financial labilities are monitored. Laans payable-Finance Lease		2 017	2 015,

	Ulundi Local Municipa Kotes to the Finanancial Statements for t				
		Note	2 017 R	2 016 R	
40 Golna C					
continue	nual Financial Statements have been prepared on the assumption that this Municipality will con- te to experience financial challenges due to the distribution loss on electricity which is stilling on I sents. Secondly this is also evidenced by current raibo (i.e. Current Assets / Current Liabilities) vi	1% (R 15.21 Million) as disclosed	in Note 37 of the Annua	Financial	
advanta	7/2018 all state entities including Government Departments have been billed annually for prop age of bulk revenue collection which will also altract interest, further more following the issuing o te properties that have been introduced to the valuation rolf, these are benefits will be realised	the fatest supplementary vallua	tion roll it transpired that	new developments	
same ti	be noted that all cash related challenges including Eskom are now manageable and that can it are honour its commitments as and when they become due As a result all statutory payments e amount and KZN Treasury is mediating on the matter.				
Municip	be remembered that Provincial Treasury was mediating between Eskom and Uluudi Municipali vality with an amount of R64 million which substantially contributed to this reduction of Eskom di nt plan which will allow this municipality to say the Eskom debt for a period of 36 months.				
could be	uncipality has also compled fully with the MFMA Circular number 82 of 2016 regarding Cost Co e realised that there was enough capacity in-house to perform relevant tasks as it is currently no saved in 2017/2018 financial year				
41 Related	parties		i ==		
	an the related parties indicated in note 23 and 24 (refer to note on remuneration of employees and counci ted parties that were not at arm's length or not in the ordinary course of business.	fors), the municipality did not have a	ny other related parties. No	transactions occurred	
42 Events	after the reporting date		1		
There we	ere no eyents that occurred subsequent to 30 June 2017 that inchested, affected fair preparation of annu-	of financies statements for the period	ended 30 June 2017.		
			1		
43 Prior ya	par adjustment :				
	alated surplus before adjustments				
	ar adjustment Investment Property		(53 342 000)		, ,
Rales pe			(5 500 769)		
VAT			(2 835 085)		
	stated surplus after adjustmens		-62 128 984		
The prior properte	period error on investment Property is due to a data cleansing process where it became clear that the is that are classified as investment property they were already transferred to the occupants but if records not proce		-02 126 364		
44 Change	In accounting eatimals				
assettha Maisossa	in adjustment of the carrying amount of an asset, or the amount of the periodic consumption of an lar results from the assessment of the present status of and especied future benefits and obligations ad with, asset, Changes in accounting estimates result from new information or new developments and only are not corrections of zeros:	İ			•
	ngible asset has an estimated useful life of three years and after the reassessment of the useful life if overed that actually it should have been nine years				
The incre	ease ((decrease) in profits caused by change is as follows				
Current v	year's profits.	2	129 293		
Future pr	rofils.		- 129 293		
45 Conting	ent Asset				
ESKOM	DEBT				
Historical			- 1 31 000 000		
Distribute			· 5 309 983 I		
Growth D			- 30 000 000 1		
	Maximum Demand		1 490 739		
Nkonieni	Feeder		- 3 145 957		
			70 946 679		